



TEST REPORT IEC 62133-2

Secondary cells and batteries containing alkaline or other non-acid electrolytes – Safety requirements for portable sealed secondary cells, and for batteries made from them, for use in portable applications – Part 2: Lithium systems

Report Number:	S03A24010107L00201
Date of issue:	2024-01-20
Total number of pages:	28
Total number of pages: Tested by (name + signature)::	Eason chen Eason chen
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Testing Laboratory Name: :	Guangdong ESTL Technology Co., Ltd.
Laboratory address:	Room 101, 201-208, Unit 1, & Room 201, Unit 4, Building 1, No.9 /Room 101, Unit 2, Building 1, No.11, Zongbu 2nd Road, Songshanhu Park, Dongguan, Guangdong, China
Applicant:	Ropla Elektronik Sp. z o.o.
Address:	ul.Wrocławska 1C, 52-200 Suchy Dwór
Test specification:	
Standard:	⊠ IEC 62133-2:2017, IEC 62133-2:2017/AMD1:2021
	EN 62133-2:2017, EN 62133-2:2017/A1:2021
Test item description:	Polymer Lithium-ion Battery
Trade Mark:	akyga
Manufacturer	Same as applicant
Address:	Same as applicant
Factory:	Same as applicant
Address:	Same as applicant
Model/Type reference:	LP501235
Ratings:	3.7V, 170mAh, 0.629Wh

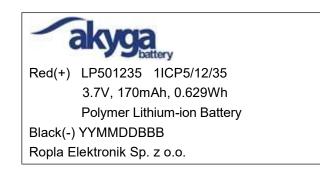
TRF No.:03-S002-1A Web: www.gtggroup.com TRF Originator: GTG E-mail: info@gtggroup.com TRF Date: 2022-08-26 Tel.: 86-400 755 8988

Summary of testing:				
The unit is charging the empty cell and discharging the full charged cell according to the rating.				
Note:				
Charging procedures for test purposes:				
 Unless otherwise stated, the charging procedu temperature of 20±5°C, using the method decla battery/cell shall have been discharged at 20±5 specified final voltage. After stabilization for 1 to 4 hours respectively a 	ared by the manufacturer. Prior to charging, the 5°C at a constant current of 0.2 It A down to a			
45°C and lowest test temperature 0°C.				
Tests performed (test clause and name of test):	Testing location:			
Test items:	Guangdong ESTL Technology Co., Ltd.			
cl.7.2.1 Continuous charging at constant voltage (cells);	Room 101, 201-208, Unit 1, & Room 201, Unit 4, Building 1, No.9 /Room 101, Unit 2, Building 1, No.11, Zongbu 2nd Road, Songshanhu Park,			
cl.7.2.2 Case stress at high ambient temperature (battery);	Dongguan, Guangdong, China			
cl.7.3.1 External short-circuit (cell);				
cl.7.3.2 External short-circuit (battery);				
cl.7.3.3 Free fall (cell and battery);				
cl.7.3.4 Thermal abuse (cells);				
cl.7.3.5 Crush (cells);				
cl.7.3.6 Over-charging of battery;				
cl.7.3.7 Forced discharge (cells);				
cl.7.3.8 Mechanical tests (batteries);				
- 7.3.8.1 Vibration				
- 7.3.8.2 Mechanical shock				
cl.7.3.9 Forced internal short-circuit (cells).				
Cl. 8.2 Small cell and battery safety information				
Tests are made with the number of cells and batteries specified in IEC 62133-2:2017, IEC 62133-2:2017/AMD1:2021 Table 1.				
Summary of compliance with National Difference	es (List of countries addressed):N/A			

☑ The product fulfils the requirements of EN62133-2: 2017, EN 62133-2:2017/A1:2021

Copy of marking plate:

The artwork below may be only a draft. The use of certification marks on a product must be authorized by the respective NCBs that own these marks.



Remark:

- 1. "YY" means to years; "MM" means to months; "DD" means to days; "BBB" means to batch.
- 2. The "+" represents the anode; The "-" represents the cathode.

Below information will be marked on the immediate package.

Caution:

- Keep small cells and batteries which are considered swallowable out of the reach of children.
- Swallowing may lead to burns, perforation of soft tissue, and death. Severe burns can occur within 2 h of ingestion.
- In case of ingestion of a cell or battery, seek medical assistance promptly.
- If children use the battery, their guardians should explain the proper handling.

Test item particulars: :	N/A
Classification of installation and use:	To be defined in final product
Supply connection	Lead wire
Recommend charging method declared by the manufacturer:	CC/CV
Discharge current (0,2 I _t A):	34mA
Maximum discharging current	170mA
Specified final voltage:	3.0V
Recommend of charging limit for lithium system	
Upper limit charging voltage per cell:	4.2V
Maximum charging current:	170mA
Charging temperature upper limit	45°C
Charging temperature lower limit	O°C
Polymer cell electrolyte type	🗌 gel polymer 🗌 solid polymer 🖂 N/A
Possible test case verdicts:	
- test case does not apply to the test object:	N/A (Not Applicable)
- test object does meet the requirement::	P (Pass)
- test object does not meet the requirement::	F (Fail)
Testing:	
Date of receipt of test item:	2024-01-03
Date (s) of performance of tests:	2024-01-04 to 2024-01-11
General remarks:	
The test results presented in this report relate only to the	ne object tested.
This report shall not be reproduced, except in full, without laboratory.	out the written approval of the Issuing testing

Throughout this report a \Box comma / \boxtimes point is used as the decimal separator.

General product information and other remarks:

This battery is constructed with single Li-ion Cell, and has overcharge, over-discharge, over current and short-circuits proof circuit.

The electrolyte type of this cell doesn't belong to polymer, and the additional test cl.7.3.9 was carried out to evaluate the cell.

The main features of the battery are shown as below:

Model	Rated capacity	Nominal voltage	Nominal Charge Current	Nominal Discharge Current	Maximum Charge Current	Maximum Discharge Current	Limited Charge Voltage	Cut-off Voltage
LP501235	170mAh	3.7V	34mA	34mA	170mA	170mA	4.2V	3.0V

The main features of the battery are shown as below:

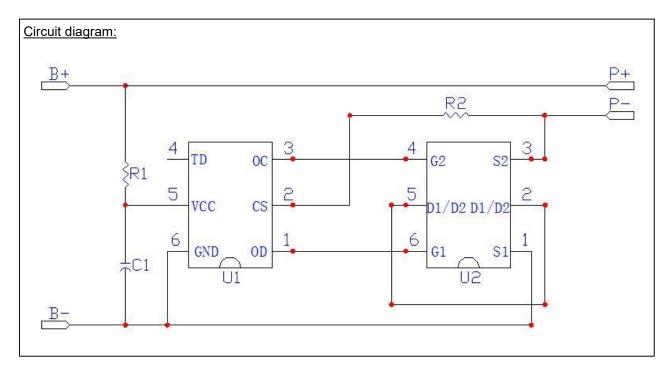
Model	Upper limit charge voltage	Taper-off current	Lower charge temperature	Upper charge temperature
LP501235	4.2V	3.4mA	0°C	45°C

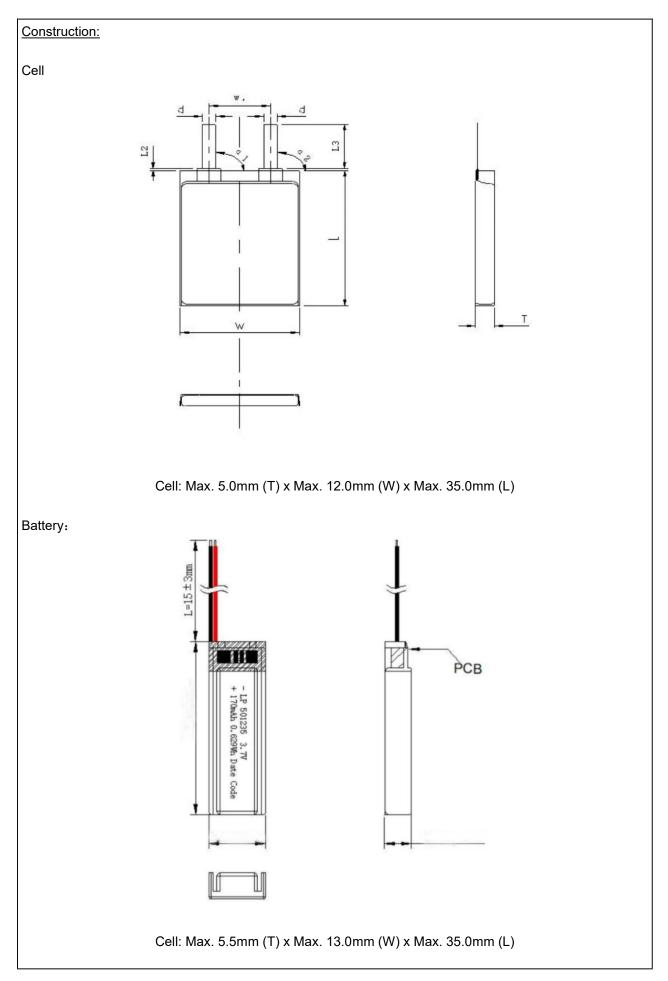
The main features of the cell in the battery are shown as below:

Model	Rated capacity	Nominal voltage	Nominal Charge Current	Nominal Discharge Current	Maximum Charge Current	Maximum Discharge Current	Limited Charge Voltage	Cut-off Voltage
LP501235 (Cell)	170mAh	3.7V	34mA	34mA	170mA	170mA	4.2V	3.0V

The main features of the cell in the battery are shown as below:

Model	Upper limit	Taper-off	Lower charge	Upper charge
	charge voltage	current	temperature	temperature
LP501235 (Cell)	4.2V	3.4mA	0°C	45°C





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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict		
4	4 PARAMETER MEASUREMENT TOLERANCES				
	Parameter measurement tolerances				

5	GENERAL SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS				
5.1	General		Р		
	Cells and batteries so designed and constructed that they are safe under conditions of both intended use and reasonably foreseeable misuse		Р		
5.2	Insulation and wiring		Р		
	The insulation resistance between the positive terminal and externally exposed metal surfaces of the battery (excluding electrical contact surfaces) is not less than 5 $M\Omega$	Not metal surfaces exists.	N/A		
	Insulation resistance (MΩ)				
	Internal wiring and insulation are sufficient to withstand maximum anticipated current, voltage and temperature requirements		Ρ		
	Orientation of wiring maintains adequate clearance and creepage distances between conductors		Ρ		
	Mechanical integrity of internal connections accommodates reasonably foreseeable misuse		Р		
5.3	Venting		Р		
	Battery cases and cells incorporate a pressure relief mechanism or are constructed so that they relieve excessive internal pressure at a value and rate that will preclude rupture, explosion and self-ignition	Venting mechanism exists on the narrow side of pouch cell.	Ρ		
	Encapsulation used to support cells within an outer casing does not cause the battery to overheat during normal operation nor inhibit pressure relief		N/A		
5.4	Temperature, voltage and current management		Р		
	Batteries are designed such that abnormal temperature rise conditions are prevented	Overcharge, over discharge, over current and short-circuit proof circuit used in this battery. See tests of clause 7.	Ρ		
	Batteries are designed to be within temperature, voltage and current limits specified by the cell manufacturer		Ρ		
	Batteries are provided with specifications and charging instructions for equipment manufacturers so that specified chargers are designed to maintain charging within the temperature, voltage and current limits specified	The charging limits specified in manufacturer's specifications.	Ρ		
5.5	Terminal contacts		Р		
	The size and shape of the terminal contacts ensure that they can carry the maximum anticipated current		Р		

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	External terminal contact surfaces are formed from conductive materials with good mechanical strength and corrosion resistance		P
	Terminal contacts are arranged to minimize the risk of short-circuit		Р
5.6	Assembly of cells into batteries		Р
5.6.1	General		Р
	Each battery have an independent control and protection for current, voltage, temperature and any other parameter required for safety and to maintain the cells within their operating region		Р
	This protection may be provided external to the battery such as within the charger or the end devices	Protection circuit within the battery	N/A
	If protection is external to the battery, the manufacturer of the battery provide this safety relevant information to the external device manufacturer for implementation		N/A
	If there is more than one battery housed in a single battery case, each battery have protective circuitry that can maintain the cells within their operating regions		N/A
	Manufacturers of cells specify current, voltage and temperature limits so that the battery manufacturer/designer may ensure proper design and assembly	Current, voltage and temperature limits specified by cell manufacturer.	Р
	Batteries that are designed for the selective discharge of a portion of their series connected cells incorporate circuitry to prevent operation of cells outside the limits specified by the cell manufacturer	Battery without selective discharge function.	N/A
	Protective circuit components added as appropriate and consideration given to the end-device application		Р
	The manufacturer of the battery provide a safety analysis of the battery safety circuitry with a test report including a fault analysis of the protection circuit under both charging and discharging conditions confirming the compliance		Р
5.6.2	Design recommendation		Р
	For the battery consisting of a single cell or a single cellblock, it is recommended that the charging voltage of the cell does not exceed the upper limit of the charging voltage specified in Table 2		Р
	For the battery consisting of series-connected plural single cells or series-connected plural cellblocks, it is recommended that the voltages of any one of the single cells or single cellblocks does not exceed the upper limit of the charging voltage, specified in Table 2, by monitoring the voltage of every single cell or the single cellblocks		N/A

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	For the battery consisting of series-connected plural single cells or series-connected plural cellblocks, it is recommended that charging is stopped when the upper limit of the charging voltage is exceeded for any one of the single cells or single cellblocks by measuring the voltage of every single cell or the single cellblocks		N/A
	For batteries consisting of series-connected cells or cell blocks, nominal charge voltage not be counted as an overcharge protection		N/A
	For batteries consisting of series-connected cells or cell blocks, cells have closely matched capacities, be of the same design, be of the same chemistry and be from the same manufacturer		N/A
	It is recommended that the cells and cell blocks not discharged beyond the cell manufacturer's specified final voltage		Р
	For batteries consisting of series-connected cells or cell blocks, cell balancing circuitry incorporated into the battery management system		N/A
5.6.3	Mechanical protection for cells and components of batteries		N/A
	Mechanical protection for cells, cell connections and control circuits within the battery provided to prevent damage as a result of intended use and reasonably foreseeable misuse		N/A
	The mechanical protection can be provided by the battery case or it can be provided by the end product enclosure for those batteries intended for building into an end product		N/A
	The battery case and compartments housing cells designed to accommodate cell dimensional tolerances during charging and discharging as recommended by the cell manufacturer		N/A
	For batteries intended for building into a portable end product, testing with the battery installed within the end product considered when conducting mechanical tests		N/A
5.7	Quality plan		Р
	The manufacturer prepares and implements a quality plan that defines procedures for the inspection of materials, components, cells and batteries and which covers the whole process of producing each type of cell or battery	Complied. Quality plan provided.	P
5.8	Battery safety components		N/A

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict

6	TYPE TEST AND SAMPLE SIZE		Р
	Tests are made with the number of cells or batteries specified in Table 1 using cells or batteries that are not more than six months old		Р
	Coin cells with resistance $\leq 3 \Omega$ (measured according annex D) are tested according table 1	Not coin cells	N/A
	Unless otherwise specified, tests are carried out in an ambient temperature of 20 $^\circ\text{C}$ ± 5 $^\circ\text{C}$		Р
	The safety analysis of 5.6.1 identify those components of the protection circuit that are critical for short-circuit, overcharge and overdischarge protection		Р
	When conducting the short-circuit test, consideration given to the simulation of any single fault condition that is likely to occur in the protecting circuit that would affect the short-circuit test		Р

7	SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS AND TESTS		Р
7.1	Charging procedure for test purposes		Р
7.1.1	First procedure		Р
	This charging procedure applies to subclauses other than those specified in 7.1.2		Р
	Unless otherwise stated in this document, the charging procedure for test purposes is carried out in an ambient temperature of 20 $^{\circ}C \pm 5 ^{\circ}C$, using the method declared by the manufacturer		Р
	Prior to charging, the battery have been discharged at 20 $^{\circ}$ C ± 5 $^{\circ}$ C at a constant current of 0,2 It A down to a specified final voltage		Р
7.1.2	Second procedure		Р
	This charging procedure applies only to 7.3.1, 7.3.4, 7.3.5, and 7.3.9		Р
	After stabilization for 1 h to 4 h, respectively, at ambient temperature of highest test temperature and lowest test temperature, as specified in Table 2, cells are charged by using the upper limit charging voltage and maximum charging current, until the charging current is reduced to 0,05 It A, using a constant voltage charging method	Charge temperature 0-45°C declared.	Ρ
7.2	Intended use		Р
7.2.1	Continuous charging at constant voltage (cells)	Tests Complied.	Р
	Fully charged cells are subjected for 7 days to a charge using the charging method for current and standard voltage specified by the cell manufacturer		Р
	Results: No fire. No explosion. No leakage:	(See appended table 7.2.1)	Р
7.2.2	Case stress at high ambient temperature (battery)	Tested complied.	Р

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	Oven temperature (°C)	$70^{\circ}C \pm 2^{\circ}C$	
	Results: No physical distortion of the battery case resulting in exposure of internal protective components and cells	No physical distortion of the battery case	Р
7.3	Reasonably foreseeable misuse	See below	Р
7.3.1	External short-circuit (cell)	Tests Complied.	Р
	The cells were tested until one of the following occurred:		Р
	- 24 hours elapsed; or		N/A
	- The case temperature declined by 20 % of the maximum temperature rise		Р
	Results: No fire. No explosion:	(See appended table 7.3.1)	Р
7.3.2	External short-circuit (battery)	Tested complied.	Р
	The batteries were tested until one of the following occurred:		Р
	- 24 hours elapsed; or		N/A
	- The case temperature declined by 20 % of the maximum temperature rise		Р
	In case of rapid decline in short circuit current, the battery pack remained on test for an additional one hour after the current reached a low end steady state condition		Р
	A single fault in the discharge protection circuit conducted on one to four (depending upon the protection circuit) of the five samples before conducting the short-circuit test		Р
	A single fault applies to protective component parts such as MOSFET, fuse, thermostat or positive temperature coefficient (PTC) thermistor	Single fault applies on MOSFET (U2)	Р
	Results: No fire. No explosion	(See appended table 7.3.2)	Р
7.3.3	Free fall	Tests Complied.	Р
	Results: No fire. No explosion	No fire. No explosion	Р
7.3.4	Thermal abuse (cells)	Tests Complied.	Р
	Oven temperature (°C):	130°C ± 2°C	
	Results: No fire. No explosion	No fire. No explosion	P
7.3.5	Crush (cells)	Tests Complied.	P
	The crushing force was released upon:		Р
	- The maximum force of 13 kN \pm 0,78 kN has been applied; or		P
	- An abrupt voltage drop of one-third of the original voltage has been obtained		N/A
	Results: No fire. No explosion:	(See appended table 7.3.5)	Р
7.3.6	Over-charging of battery	Tests Complied.	Р

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	The supply voltage which is:		Р
	- 1,4 times the upper limit charging voltage presented in Table A.1 (but not to exceed 6,0 V) for single cell/cell block batteries or		Р
	- 1,2 times the upper limit charging voltage presented in Table A.1 per cell for series connected multi-cell batteries, and		N/A
	- Sufficient to maintain a current of 2,0 It A throughout the duration of the test or until the supply voltage is reached		Р
	Test was continued until the temperature of the outer casing:		Р
	- Reached steady state conditions (less than 10 °C change in 30-minute period); or		N/A
	- Returned to ambient		Р
	Results: no fire, no explosion	(See appended table 7.3.6)	Р
7.3.7	Forced discharge (cells)	Tests Complied.	Р
	Discharge a single cell to the lower limit discharge voltage specified by the cell manufacturer		Р
	The discharged cell is then subjected to a forced discharge at 1 It A to the negative value of the upper limit charging voltage		Р
	- The discharge voltage reaches the negative value of upper limit charging voltage within the testing duration. The voltage is maintained at the negative value of the upper limit charging voltage by reducing the current for the remainder of the testing duration		N/A
	- The discharge voltage does not reach the negative value of upper limit charging voltage within the testing duration. The test is terminated at the end of the testing duration		Р
7.3.8	Mechanical tests (batteries)		Р
7.3.8.1	Vibration	Tests Complied.	Р
	Results: no fire, no explosion, no rupture, no leakage or venting:	(See appended table 7.3.8.1)	Р
7.3.8.2	Mechanical shock	Tests Complied.	Р
	Results: no leakage, no venting, no rupture, no explosion and no fire:	(See appended table 7.3.8.2)	Р
7.3.9	Design evaluation – Forced internal short-circuit (cells)	Tests Complied.	Р
	The cells complied with national requirement for:	France, Japan, Korea, Switzerland	_
	The pressing was stopped upon:		Р
	- A voltage drop of 50 mV has been detected; or		N/A
	- The pressing force of 800 N (cylindrical cells) or 400 N (prismatic cells) has been reached	400N for prismatic cells	Р

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Clause Requirement + Test Result - Remark Verdict				
	Results: no fire:	(See appended table 7.3.9)	Р	

8	INFORMATION FOR SAFETY		Р
8.1	General		Р
	Manufacturers of secondary cells provides information about current, voltage and temperature limits of their products	Information is provided in manufacturer's specification.	Р
	Manufacturers of batteries provides information regarding how to minimize and mitigate hazards to equipment manufacturers or end-users	Information is provided in manufacturer's specification.	Р
	Systems analyses are performed by device manufacturers to ensure that a particular battery design prevents hazards from occurring during use of a product		N/A
	As appropriate, any information relating to hazard avoidance resulting from a system analysis is provided to the end user		N/A
8.2	Small cell and battery safety information	Small cell and battery.	Р
	The following warning language is to be provided with the information packaged with the small cells and batteries or equipment using them:		Р
	- Keep small cells and batteries which are considered swallowable out of the reach of children		Р
	- Swallowing may lead to burns, perforation of soft tissue, and death. Severe burns can occur within 2 h of ingestion		Р
	- In case of ingestion of a cell or battery, seek medical assistance promptly		Р

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
9	MARKING		Р
9.1	Cell marking		Р
	Cells are marked as specified in IEC 61960, except coin cells		N/A
	Coin cells whose external surface area is too small to accommodate the markings on the cells show the designation and polarity		N/A
	By agreement between the cell manufacturer and the battery and/or end product manufacturer, component cells used in the manufacture of a battery need not be marked		Р
9.2	Battery marking		Р
	Batteries are marked as specified in IEC 61960, except for coin batteries		Р
	Coin batteries whose external surface area is too small to accommodate the markings on the batteries show the designation and polarity	Not coin batteries.	N/A
	Batteries are marked with an appropriate caution statement		Р
	- Terminals have clear polarity marking on the external surface of the battery, or		Р
	- Not be marked with polarity markings if the design of the external connector prevents reverse polarity connections		N/A
9.3	Caution for ingestion of small cells and batteries	Small cell and battery.	Р
	Coin cells and batteries identified as small batteries include a caution statement regarding the hazards of ingestion in accordance with 8.2		N/A
	Small cells and batteries are intended for direct sale in consumer-replaceable applications, caution for ingestion is given on the immediate package		Р
9.4	Other information		Р
	The following information are marked on or supplied with the battery:		Р
	- Storage and disposal instructions	Information for storage and disposal instructions mentioned in manufacturer's specifications.	Р
	- Recommended charging instructions	Information for recommended charging instructions mentioned in manufacturer's specifications.	Р

10	PACKAGING AND TRANSPORT		Р
	Packaging for coin cells are not be small enough to fit within the limits of the ingestion gauge of Figure 3	Not Coin cells.	N/A

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Clause	Requirement + Test		Result - Remark	Verdict

ANNEX A	CHARGING AND DISCHARGING RANGE OF SECONDARY LITHIUM ION CELLS FOR SAFE USE		Р
A.1	General		Р
A.2	Safety of lithium ion secondary battery		Р
A.3	Consideration on charging voltage		Р
A.3.1	General	Charging voltage is 4.2V.	Р
A.3.2	Upper limit charging voltage	4.2V	Р
A.3.2.1	General		Р
A.3.2.2	Explanation of safety viewpoint		N/A
A.3.2.3	Safety requirements, when different upper limit charging voltage is applied		N/A
A.4	Consideration of temperature and charging current		Ρ
A.4.1	General		Р
A.4.2	Recommended temperature range	See A.4.2.2	Р
A.4.2.1	General		Р
A.4.2.2	Safety consideration when a different recommended temperature range is applied	Charging temperature declared by client is: 0-45°C.	N/A
A.4.3	High temperature range		N/A
A.4.3.1	General		N/A
A.4.3.2	Explanation of safety viewpoint		N/A
A.4.3.3	Safety considerations when specifying charging conditions in the high temperature range		N/A
A.4.3.4	Safety considerations when specifying a new upper limit in the high temperature range		N/A
A.4.4	Low temperature range		N/A
A.4.4.1	General		N/A
A.4.4.2	Explanation of safety viewpoint		N/A
A.4.4.3	Safety considerations, when specifying charging conditions in the low temperature range		N/A
A.4.4.4	Safety considerations when specifying a new lower limit in the low temperature range		N/A
A.4.5	Scope of the application of charging current		Р
A.4.6	Consideration of discharge		Р
A.4.6.1	General		Р
A.4.6.2	Final discharge voltage and explanation of safety viewpoint		Ρ
A.4.6.3	Discharge current and temperature range		Р
A.4.6.4	Scope of application of the discharging current		Р
A.5	Sample preparation		Р

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict	
A.5.1	General		Р	
A.5.2	Insertion procedure for nickel particle to generate internal short		Р	
A.5.3	Disassembly of charged cell		Р	
A.5.4	Shape of nickel particle		Р	
A.5.5	Insertion of nickel particle in cylindrical cell		N/A	
A.5.5.1	Insertion of nickel particle in winding core		N/A	
A.5.5.2	Marking the position of the nickel particle on both ends of the winding core of the separator		N/A	
A.5.6	Insertion of nickel particle in prismatic cell		Р	
A.6	Experimental procedure of the forced internal short-circuit test		Р	
A.6.1	Material and tools for preparation of nickel particle		Р	
A.6.2	Example of a nickel particle preparation procedure		Р	
A.6.3	Positioning (or placement) of a nickel particle		Р	
A.6.4	Damaged separator precaution		Р	
A.6.5	Caution for rewinding separator and electrode		Р	
A.6.6	Insulation film for preventing short-circuit		Р	
A.6.7	Caution when disassembling a cell		Р	
A.6.8	Protective equipment for safety		Р	
A.6.9	Caution in the case of fire during disassembling		Р	
A.6.10	Caution for the disassembling process and pressing the electrode core		Р	
A.6.11	Recommended specifications for the pressing device		Р	

ANNEX B RECOMMENDATIONS TO EQUIPMENT MANUFACTURERS AND BATTERY P ASSEMBLERS

ANNEX C RECOMMENDATIONS TO THE END-USERS

N/A

ANNEX D	MEASUREMENT OF THE INTERNAL AC RESISTANCE FOR COIN CELLS					
D.1	General		N/A			
D.2	Method		N/A			
	A sample size of three coin cells is required for this measurement		N/A			
	Coin cells with an internal resistance greater than 3 Ω require no further testing:	(See appended table D.2)	N/A			
	Coin cells with an internal resistance less than or equal to 3 Ω are subjected to the testing according to Clause 6 and Table 1		N/A			

ANNEX E PACKAGING AND TRANSPORT

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict

ANNEX F COMPONENT STANDARDS REFERENCES

N/A

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Result - Remark

Verdict

Manufacturer/ trademark	Type/model			Mark(s) of
	Type/model	Technical data	Standard	conformity
Ropla Elektronik sp. z o.o.	LP501235	3.7V, 170mAh	IEC 62133- 2:2017, IEC 62133- 2:2017/AMD1 :2021	Tested with appliance
Xiamen Tungsten Co., Ltd	D53150 ZH5000BDA	LiCoO ₂		
Shanghai Shanshan Science & Technology Co., Ltd.	RG-B	Graphite		
LiaoYuan HongTU Li-ion Separator Technology Co., Ltd.	9LP+3	PE, Shut down temperature:130°C		
Shenzhen Capchem Technology Co., Ltd.	LBC3045D3	LiPF6+EMC+EC+DE C		
Interchangeable	Interchangeable	V-0, 130°C	UL 796	UL approved
Interchangeable	Interchangeable	28AWG, 80°C, 30V	UL 758	UL approved
Shenzhen Developer Microelectronics Co., Ltd.	DW01	Overcharge detection voltage: 4.28±0.05V, Overdischarge detection voltage: 2.4 ±0.1V,		Tested with appliance
		Ta: −40°C to +85°C		
Shenzhen Developer Microelectronics Co., Ltd.	8205	V _{DS} : 20V, V _{GS} : ±12V I _{D:} 5A, T _J , T _{STG} : -55°C to +150°C		Tested with appliance
	Xiamen Tungsten Co., Ltd Shanghai Shanshan Science & Technology Co., Ltd. LiaoYuan HongTU Li-ion Separator Technology Co., Ltd. Shenzhen Capchem Technology Co., Ltd. Interchangeable Interchangeable Shenzhen Developer Microelectronics Co., Ltd. Shenzhen Developer Microelectronics	Xiamen Tungsten Co., LtdD53150 ZH5000BDAShanghai Shanshan Science & Technology Co., Ltd.RG-BLiaoYuan HongTU Li-ion Separator Technology Co., Ltd.9LP+3Shenzhen Capchem Technology Co., Ltd.LBC3045D3Shenzhen Capchem Technology Co., Ltd.InterchangeableInterchangeableInterchangeableInterchangeableDW01Shenzhen Developer Microelectronics8205Shenzhen Developer Microelectronics8205	Xiamen Tungsten Co., LtdD53150 ZH5000BDALiCoO2Shanghai Shanshan Science & Technology Co., Ltd.RG-BGraphiteLiaoYuan HongTU Li-ion Separator Technology Co., Ltd.9LP+3PE, Shut down temperature:130°CShenzhen Capchem Technology Co., Ltd.LBC3045D3LiPF6+EMC+EC+DE CShenzhen Capchem Technology Co., Ltd.InterchangeableV-0, 130°CInterchangeableInterchangeableV-0, 130°CShenzhen Developer Microelectronics Co., Ltd.DW01Overcharge detection voltage: 4.28±0.05V, Overdischarge detection voltage: 2.4 ±0.1V, Ta: -40°C to +85°CShenzhen Developer Microelectronics8205Vos: 20V, Vos: ±12V lo: 5A, TJ, Tsre: -55°C to	Simular62133- 2:2017/AMD1 :2021Xiamen Tungsten Co., LtdD53150 ZH5000BDALiCoO2Shanghai Shanshan Science & Technology Co., Ltd.RG-BGraphiteLiaoYuan HongTU Lion Separator Technology Co., Ltd.9LP+3PE, Shut down temperature: 130°CShenzhen Capchem Technology Co., Ltd.LBC3045D3LiPF6+EMC+EC+DE CShenzhen Capchem Technology Co., Ltd.InterchangeableV-0, 130°CUL 796InterchangeableInterchangeableV-0, 130°CUL 796Shenzhen Developer Microelectronics Co., Ltd.DW01Overcharge detection voltage: 4.28±0.05V, Overdischarge detection voltage: 2.4 ±0.1V, Ta: -40°C to +85°CShenzhen Developer Microelectronics8205V _{DS} : 20V, V _{GS} : ±12V ID: 5A,

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		IEC 62133-2		
Clause	Requirement + Test		Result - Remark	Verdict

7.2.1	TABLE	TABLE: Continuous charging at constant voltage (cells)					
Sample	e No.	Recommended charging voltage Vc (Vdc)	Recommended charging current I _{rec} (A)	OCV before test (Vdc)	Resu	llts	
C1		4.2	0.034	4.183	А		
C2		4.2	0.034	4.185	А		
C3	;	4.2	0.034	4.183	А		
C4		4.2	0.034	4.182	А		
C5	;	4.2	0.034	4.181	A		

A - No fire. No explosion. No leakage.

- B Fire.
- C Explosion.
- D Leakage.
- E Bulge.
- F Others.

7.3.1	TAB	LE: External short	circuit (cell)				Р
Sample N	lo.	Ambient (°C)	OCV at start of test (Vdc)	Resistance of circuit (mΩ)	Maximum case temperature rise ∆T (K)	Re	esults
		Samples charg	ed at charging te	mperature upper	r limit (45°C)		
C6		54.5	4.183	87	48.0	Α, Ι	D, E, H
C7		53.1	4.182	90	61.9	Α, Ι	D, E, H
C8		54.2	4.180	92	50.5	Α, Ι	D, E, H
C9		54.5	4.184	89	51.8	A,	E, H
C10		54.5	4.182	85	55.2	Α, Ι	D, E, H
		Samples char	ged at charging to	emperature lowe	r limit (0°C)		
C11		57.3	4.120	80	62.5	Α, Ι	D, E, H
C12		57.4	4.118	84	56.6	Α, Ι	D, E, H
C13		57.4	4.117	83	62.3	A,	E, H
C14		57.3	4.115	78	53.2	A,	Е, Н
C15		57.0	4.119	79	51.8	Α, Ι	D, E, H
Supplemen	tary i	nformation:			·		

- A No fire. No explosion.
- B Fire.
- C Explosion.
- D Leakage.
- E Bulge.
- F Others.
- $G-\mbox{The test}$ was completed after 24 h.

H - The test was completed after the cell casing cooled to 20% of the maximum temperature rise.

Normal

A, F

			IEC 62133-2				
Clause	Requirement + Te	est		Result - Re	emark		Verdict
7.3.2	TABLE: Externa	l short circuit (l	battery)				Р
Sample No	. Ambient T (°C)	OCV before test (Vdc)	Resistance of circuit (mΩ)	Maximum case temperature rise ∆T (K)	Component single fault condition	F	Results
B4	23.2	4.182	80	86.1	SC-U2	A,	D, E, H
B5	23.2	4.184	84	83.4	SC-U2	A,	D, E, H
B6	23.2	4.182	87	84.2	SC-U2	ŀ	А, E, H
B7	23.2	4.181	89	90.5	SC-U2	ŀ	А, E, H

91

0.9

Supplementary information:

SC: Short-circuit

B8

OC: open-circuit

A - No fire. No explosion.

B - Fire.

C - Explosion.

D - Leakage.

E - Bulge.

F - Others (please explain). -rapid decline in short circuit current, the battery pack should remain on test for an additional one hour after the current reaches a low end steady state condition.

G – The test was completed after 24 h.

23.2

4.183

 $\rm H-The \ test \ was \ completed \ after \ the \ cell \ casing \ cooled \ to \ 20\% \ of \ the \ maximum \ temperature \ rise.$ I- Others.

7.3.5	TABLE:	Crush (cells)				Р
Sample	e No.	OCV before test (Vdc)	OCV at removal of crushing force (Vdc)	Maximum force applied to the cell during crush (kN)	Re	esults
		Samples charged at cl	harging temperature u	ipper limit (45°C)		
C29	9	4.183		13.0		4, G
C30)	4.181		13.0		A, G
C3 ²	1	4.182		13.0		4, G
C32	2	4.182		13.0		4, G
C33	3	4.181		13.0		4, G
		Samples charged at c	harging temperature	lower limit (0°C)		
C34	1	4.116		13.0		4, G
C35	5	4.114		13.0		4, G
C36	3	4.117		13.0		4, G
C37	7	4.118		13.0		A, G
C38	3	4.119		13.0		4, G

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict

A - No fire. No explosion.

B - Fire.

C - Explosion.

D - Leakage.

E - Bulge.

F - Others.

G – Force released after maximum level reached

H – Force released after abrupt voltage drop of one-third the original value.

7.3.6	TABL	E: Over-charging of bat	tery				Р
Constant	Constant charging current (A) 0.34					_	
Supply v	oltage (V	/dc)	:		5.88		
Sampl	e No.	OCV before charging (Vdc)		rging time iute)	Maximum outer case temperature (°C)	Re	sults
B1	2	3.329	26	64	27.7		А
B1	3	3.334	26	64	28.8		А
B1	4	3.348	26	64	27.5		А
B1	5	3.365	26	64	27.1		А
B1	6	3.338	26	64	27.2		А
Supplem A - No fire	•	formation:			·		

B - Fire.

C - Explosion.

D - Leakage.

E - Bulge.

F - Others.

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict

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7.3.7	TABL	E: Forced discharge (ce	ells)			Р
Sample	No.	OCV before application of reverse charge (Vdc)	Measured reverse charge I _t (A)	Lower limit discharge voltage (Vdc)	Resi	ults
C39)	3.328	0.17	3.0	A, E	, H
C40)	3.314	0.17	3.0	A, E	, H
C41		3.334	0.17	3.0	A, E	, H
C42	2	3.305	0.17	3.0	A, E	, H
C43	}	3.319	0.17	3.0	A, E	, H

Supplementary information:

A - No fire. No explosion.

- B Fire.
- C Explosion.
- D Leakage.
- E Bulge.
- F Others.

G – The voltage reached negative value of upper limit charging voltage within 90 min.

H - The voltage did not reach negative value of upper limit charging voltage.

7.3.8.1	TABLE: Vibration						
Sample No.		OCV before test (Vdc)	OCV after test (Vdc)	Mass before test (g)	Mass after test (g)	Results	
B17		4.184	4.182	3.827	3.826	А	
B18		4.182	4.181	3.803	3.801	А	
B19		4.185	4.183	3.852	3.850	А	

Supplementary information:

A - No fire. No explosion. No leakage. No venting. No rupture.

- B Fire.
- C Explosion.
- D Leakage.
- E Venting.
- F Rupture.

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict				

7.3.8.2	TABLE: Mechanical shock						
Sample No.		OCV before test (Vdc)	OCV after test (Vdc)	Mass before test (g)	Mass after test (g)	Re	sults
B20		4.181	4.180	3.838	3.837		А
B21		4.183	4.181	3.841	3.840		А
B22		4.187	4.185	3.811	3.810		А
Cumplementary information:							

A - No fire. No explosion. No leakage. No venting. No rupture.

B - Fire.

C - Explosion.

D - Leakage.

E – Venting.

F – Rupture.

G - Bulge. H - Others.

7.3.9	3.9 TABLE: Forced internal short circuit (cells)						
Sample No.		Chamber ambient T (°C)	OCV before test (Vdc)	Particle location ¹⁾	Maximum applied pressure (N)	Results	
		Samples charg	ed at charging te	emperature uppe	r limit (45°C)		
C44		45	4.172	1	400	Α, Η	
C45		45	4.173	1	400	Α, Η	
C46		45	4.175	1	400	Α, Η	
C47		45	4.172	1	400	Α, Η	
C48		45	4.171	1	400	Α, Η	
		Samples char	ged at charging t	emperature lowe	er limit (0°C)		
C49		0	4.108	1	400	Α, Η	
C50		C50 0		1	400	Α, Η	
C51		0	4.105	1	400	Α, Η	
C52		0	4.106	1	400	Α, Η	
C53		0	4.108	1	400	A, H	

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict

¹⁾ Identify one of the following:

- 1: Nickel particle inserted between positive and negative (active material) coated area.
- 2: Nickel particle inserted between positive aluminium foil and negative active material coated area.

A – No fire

B – Fire

C - Explosion.

D - Leakage.

E - Bulge.

F - Others (please explain).

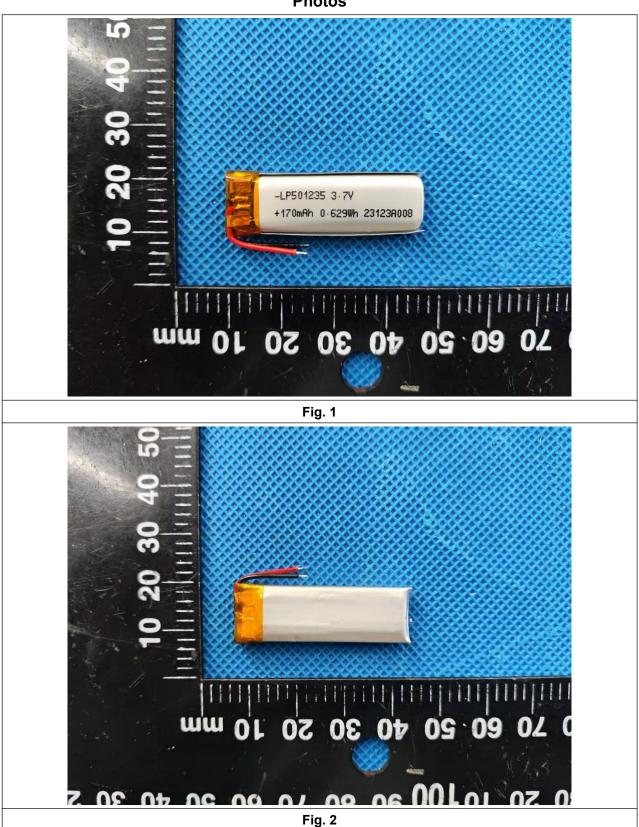
G – Test concluded when 50 mV voltage drop occurred prior to reaching force limit

H - Test concluded when 400 N pressure was reached and 50 mV voltage drop was not achieved

I – Test was concluded when fire occurred

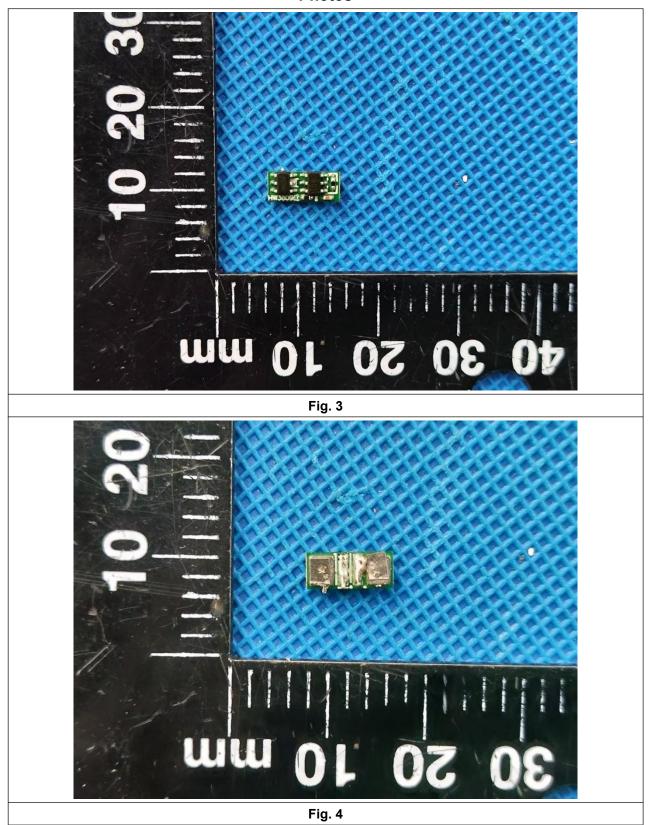
D.2	TABLE: Internal AC resistance for coin cells						
Sample no.		Ambient T (°C) Store time (h)		Resistance Rac (Ω) Re		sults ¹⁾	
Suppleme	ntary infor	mation:		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	with an in	ternal resistance less tl	nan or equal to 3 Ω , se	e test result on corresp	ondin	g tables	

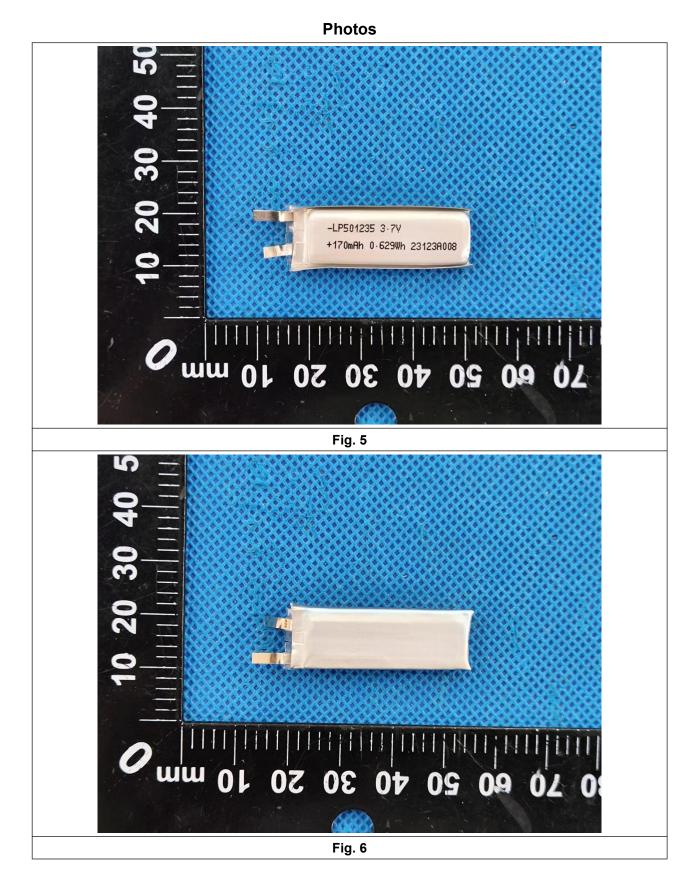
according to Clause 6 and Table 1.



Photos

Photos





--- End of Report ---